

# The Looking Glass: New Perspectives on Children's Literature

Vol 2, No 1 (1998)

*Mirrors and Windows*: Bessie Condos Tichauer: A Personal Overview of Caldecott Medal Winners 1968-1998.

# **Illuminating Texts**

#### Bessie Condos Tichauer, editor



## A Personal Overview of Caldecott Medal Winners 1968-1998

Bessie Condos Tichauer

Each year at the annual midwinter meeting of the <u>American Library Association</u> which occurs in January, there is an early morning press conference during which the award-winning children's books and videos are announced. The media, publishers, youth services librarians, library school faculty members and other librarians from across the country breathlessly await the announcement of the "most distinguished American Picture Book for children published in the United States during the preceding year."

My introduction to the Caldecott Medal came by way of an elementary school teacher who told us about the importance of the medal and about the gold seal on the cover of the award-winning books. As a young child, I looked for those picture books with the gold seal at my public library knowing that those books were special. Whether it was a book about Madeline, a family of ducklings, a house, or Cinderella, I always knew that those books really meant something.

I became a Children's Librarian in 1968 and have worked in youth services for thirty years in Los Angeles; Winnipeg, Manitoba; and currently as the Children and Youth Services Consultant at the California State Library in Sacramento. I have had the honour of serving on the 1995 Caldecott Committee which chose *Smoky Night*, and learned first hand what is involved in selecting the award-winning book. That experience caused me to reflect on previous award winners and wonder what trends have occurred during my thirty year career.

In the late 1960's, societal concerns had an impact on what was being published; as a result, there was an influx of multicultural books. However, the quality of many of those early picture books was not very high. The impact on the Caldecott was not apparent until 1971 when winner *A Story--A Story*, an African Folktale (Haley) began a tradition of honouring multicultural books. Seven other winners followed: *Arrow to the Sun*, a Native American Folktale (McDermott) in 1975; *Why Mosquitoes Buzz in People's Ears*, an African Folktale (the Dillons) in 1976; *Ashanti to Zulu: African Traditions* (the Dillons) in 1977; *The Girl Who Loved Wild Horses*, a Native American Folktale (Goble) in 1979; *Shadow*, an African Tale (Brown) in 1983; *Grandfather's Journey*, a Japanese immigrant story (Say) in 1994; *Smoky Night*, which described the civil unrest in Los Angeles (Diaz) in 1995. Twenty-seven percent of the winning books during this thirty year period were multicultural.

Folktales were by far the most popular genre, with twelve winners making up 40% of the total books representing ethnicities/cultures such as African, Chinese, German, Japanese, Jewish, Native American, Russian.

Eleven of the winners (37%) depicted children/families, with two books representing an intergenerational theme. There were no books featuring non-traditional families.

Fantasy/Realism was the genre for five of the winning books (17%) in the 1980's and 1990's: The *Polar Express* and *Jumanji* (Van Allsburg); *Hey, Al* (Egielski); *Black and White* (Macaulay); and *Tuesday* (Wiesner).

Non-fiction did not figure prominently during this period -- there were only three (10%) titles: *The Glorious Flight* (the Provensens), a biography, in 1984; *Ashanti to Zulu: African Traditions* (the Dillons) in 1977; and *Noah's Ark* (Spier) in 1978.

Many picture books are created by an author who also does the illustrations. During this period, there were sixteen such titles (53%) with most of them appearing in the 1970's and the 1990's. Fourteen



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titles (47%) had different authors and illustrators, predominantly in the I980's, with an almost equal number in other years.

Winning just one Caldecott Medal is a great honour; imagine winning two! Chris Van Allsburg (1982, 1986) and Leo and Diane Dillon (1976, 1977) were double winners, the Dillons being the only illustrators to win awards in two consecutive years. Two illustrators won one award during and before this period -- Nonny Hogrogian (1966, 1972) and Barbara Cooney (1959, 1980). Only one illustrator has been the recipient of three Caldecott Medals -- Marcia Brown (1955, 1962, 1983).

What does all of this mean and what, if any, impact have societal trends had on award-winning picture books during the last thirty years? The most significant impact is the acknowledgement, finally, that multicultural society should be reflected in award-winning books. The sharing of folktales from different cultures has also been validated. As a result of this cultural exchange, we can begin to recognize the commonalities that exist in our world, as we embark on a new millennium.

#### Caldecott Medal Books 1968 -- 1998

DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR	PUBLISHER	
1968	Drummer Hoff	Emberley	Simon & Schuster	
1969	The Fool of the World and the Flying Ship	Shulevitz	Farrar	
1970	Sylvester and the Magic Pebble	Steig	Windmill Simon & Schuster	
1971	A StoryA Story	Haley	Atheneum	
1972	One Fine Day	Hogrogian	Simon & Schuster	
1973	The Funny Little Woman	Lent	Dutton	
1974	Duffy and the Devil	Zemach	Farrar	
1975	Arrow to the Sun	McDermott	Viking	
1976	Why Mosquitoes Buzz in People's Ears	the Dillons	Dial	
1977	Ashanti to Zulu: African Traditions	the Dillons	Dial	
1978	Noah's Ark	Spier	Doubleday	
1979	The Girl Who Loved Wild Horses	Goble	Bradbury	
1980	Ox-Cart Man	Cooney	Viking	
1981	Fables	Lobel	Harper	
1982	Jumanji	Van Allsburg	Houghton Mifflin	
1983	Shadow	Brown	Scribner	
1984	The Glorious Flight	the Provensens	Viking	
1985	Saint George and the Dragon	Hyman	Little Brown	
1986	The Polar Express	Van Allsburg	Houghton Mifflin	
1987	Hey, Al	Egielski	Farrar	
1988	Owl Moon	Schoenherr	Philomel	
1989	Song and Dance Man	Gammell	Knopf	
1990	Lon Po Po: A Red Riding Hood Story from China	Young	Philomel	
1991	Black and White	Macaulay	Houghton Mifflin	
1992	Tuesday	Wiesner	Clarion	
1993	Mirette on the High Wire	McCully	Putnam	
1994	Grandfather's Journey	Say	Houghton Mifflin	
1995	Smoky Night	Diaz	Harcourt	
1996	Officer Buckle and Gloria	Rathmann	Putnam	

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DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR	PUBLISHER
1997	Golem	Wisniewski	Clarion
1998	Rapunzel	Zelinsky	Dutton

For the complete list of winners, and information about the award, visit the **Caldecott Medal Home Page** 

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